

AQA Computer Science A-Level 4.5.3 Units of information

Intermediate Notes

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Specification:

4.5.3.1 Bits and bytes:

Know that:

- the bit is the fundamental unit of information
- a byte is a group of 8 bits

Know that the 2ⁿ different values can be represented with n bits.

4.5.3.2 Units:

Know that quantities of bytes can be described using binary prefixes representing powers of 2 or using decimal prefixes representing powers of 10, eg one kibibyte is written as 1KiB = 2^{10} B and one kilobyte is written as 1KiB = 10^3 B.

Know the names, symbols and corresponding powers of 2 for the binary prefixes:

- kibi, Ki 2¹⁰
- mebi, Mi 2²⁰
- gibi, Gi 2³⁰
- tebi, Ti 2⁴⁰

Know the names, symbols and corresponding powers of 10 for the decimal prefixes:

- kilo, k 10³
- mega, M 10⁶
- giga, G 10⁹
- tera, T 10¹²

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Bits and bytes

A bit can only take two values, 1 and 0. A group of 8 bits is called a byte. Half a byte (4 bits) is called a nybble.

A bit is notated with a lowercase b whereas a byte uses a capital B.

2b = 2 bits 3B = 3 bytes = 3 * 8 bits = 24 bits

The number of different values that can be represented with a specified number of bits varies with the number of bits. The more bits that are assigned to a number, the greater the number of values that can be represented.

More specifically, there are 2^n different values that can be represented with n bits.

For example, using just 2 bits, there are four (2^2) possible permutations of the bits and hence four different values that can be represented, as shown below.

00	01	10	11

If we use a byte (8 bits), there are 256 (2⁸) different values that can be represented.

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Units

Quantities of bytes can be described using binary prefixes or decimal prefixes. Binary prefixes go up in powers of two whereas decimal prefixes go up in powers of ten.

You will be familiar with decimal prefixes from everyday life. For example, 1000 grams is 1 kilogram. Binary prefixes are not used as frequently as decimal prefixes but they have similar sizes.

Binary		Decimal	
Prefix	Value	Prefix	Value
Kibi (Ki)	2 ¹⁰ = 1024	Kilo (K)	10 ³ = 1000
Mebi (Mi)	2 ²⁰ = 1048576	Mega (M)	10 ⁶ = 1000000
Gibi (Gi)	2 ³⁰ = 1073741824	Giga (G)	10 ⁹ = 100000000
Tebi (Ti)	2 ⁴⁰ ≈ 1.0995×10 ¹²	Tera (T)	10 ¹² = 1×10 ¹²